

TRUTH TABLES

TEXT: 2.3, 2.4

LAST NAME	FIRST NAME	DATE
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1 (1 point). Find the truth value of the given statement if $s = \text{false}$:

$$\sim (s \vee (\sim s))$$

2 (1 point). Find the truth value of the given statement, if $a = \text{true}$ and $b = \text{false}$:

$$(a \wedge b) \rightarrow (a \vee b)$$

3 (1 point). Find the truth value of the given statement, if $p = \text{false}$, $q = \text{false}$, and $r = \text{true}$:

$$((\sim p) \vee q) \leftrightarrow ((\sim q) \wedge r)$$

4 (1 point). Find the truth value of the given statement, if $x = \text{true}$, $y = \text{true}$, and $z = \text{false}$:

$$(x \rightarrow y) \wedge ((\sim y) \rightarrow z)$$

5 (6 points). For each statement, construct the truth table, fill out the answer column completely, and box it. Determine whether each statement is a tautology, a contradiction, or neither.

(a) $A \leftrightarrow (\sim A)$

Tautology

Contradiction

Neither

(b) $B \rightarrow (B \wedge (\sim B))$

Tautology

Contradiction

Neither

(c) $(A \wedge B) \rightarrow (A \vee B)$

Tautology

Contradiction

Neither

6 (1 point). Consider the statement

$$(X \wedge Y) \vee (X \wedge Z) \vee (X \wedge W)$$

How many rows would a truth table for this statement have?

7 (1 point). Consider the statement

$$(a \vee b) \vee (b \rightarrow c) \vee (d \wedge (\sim e)) \leftrightarrow (a \wedge f \wedge g)$$

How many rows would a truth table for this statement have?

8 (3 points). Construct the truth table for the following statement: fill out the answer column completely, and box it.

$$((\sim a) \wedge b) \rightarrow (b \leftrightarrow (a \vee c))$$

9. Consider the following statement:

*Useful shapes are not printable,
printable shapes are against the law,
and legal shapes are not useful.*

Let A = “Shapes are useful”, B = “Shapes are printable”, and C = “Shapes are legal”. Translate the compound statement above into the formal language of logic.

Hint: it's a conjunction of three conditional statements.
For example, *Useful shapes are not printable* is $A \rightarrow (\sim B)$.

Construct the truth table for the formal statement above. Fill out the answer column completely, and box it.

10. Construct the truth table for the formal statement below. Fill out the answer column completely, and box it.

$$\left((X \rightarrow (\sim X)) \rightarrow ((\sim X) \rightarrow X) \right) \rightarrow (\sim X)$$

PROBLEMS WITH ANSWERS.

For each given statement, construct a truth table and determine whether the statement is a tautology, a contradiction, or neither.

1. $(x \vee y) \rightarrow (y \wedge x)$

Tautology

Contradiction

Neither

2. $(\sim q) \vee (\sim p)$

Tautology

Contradiction

Neither

3. $(a \wedge b) \vee (a \wedge (\sim b))$

Tautology

Contradiction

Neither

4. $(\sim x) \wedge (\sim (x \vee y))$

Tautology

Contradiction

Neither

5. $(\sim (c \vee (\sim b))) \rightarrow ((\sim a) \wedge b)$

Tautology

Contradiction

Neither

6. $(\sim (g \rightarrow h)) \leftrightarrow h$

Tautology

Contradiction

Neither

7. $(a \wedge (\sim b)) \vee (a \rightarrow b)$

Tautology

Contradiction

Neither

8. $y \vee ((\sim z) \vee (x \wedge z))$

Tautology

Contradiction

Neither

ANSWERS.

1. Neither tautology nor contradiction

x	y	$(x \vee y) \rightarrow (y \wedge x)$
T	T	T
T	F	F
F	T	F
F	F	T

3. Neither tautology nor contradiction

a	b	$(a \wedge b) \vee (a \wedge (\sim b))$
T	T	T
T	F	T
F	T	F
F	F	F

5. Neither tautology nor contradiction

a	b	c	$(\sim (c \vee (\sim b))) \rightarrow ((\sim a) \wedge b)$
T	T	T	T
T	T	F	F
T	F	T	T
T	F	F	T
F	T	T	T
F	T	F	T
F	F	T	T
F	F	F	T

7. Tautology

a	b	$(a \wedge (\sim b)) \vee (a \rightarrow b)$
T	T	T
T	F	T
F	T	T
F	F	T